VOLUME BALANCING CHEAT SHEET



STRONG FOUNDATIONS

- The act of adjusting the volume faders and making sure every instrument is at the appropriate volume.
- Volume balancing is where the bulk of the mix comes from.
- Spend plenty of time here, don't skip ahead too soon (30-60 minutes).
- Old school engineers relied on volume balancing alone, and used little to no EQ or compression.
- People have forgotten this today, and get distracted by plugins and toys.

HEIGHT ORDER

- So, how do you approach it? Bring all faders up?
- I recommend starting with the most important element, then bringing in elements one by one in order of importance
- Think of it as arranging the volume balance in 'height order'
- Usually, the key element is the vocal, or the drums
 - If starting with drums, go one level deeper and think of 'height order' of drums. Start with kick, or snare? Once done, move onto other parts.

OCCAM'S MIXING

- Occam's Razor (used in philosophy and science) is the stated principle that,
 all things being equal, the simplest explanation is usually the correct one.
- · We can apply this to mixing (and the entire production process).
 - A slight adjustment of a volume fader can do a lot more than EQ, compression etc.
 - Often, people address problems that can be solved with the volume fader using EQ, compression etc, HUGE MISTAKE. Always go for the simplest solution, see if a slight volume adjustment will help
 - For example, if the low end is overpowering in a mix, try lowering the volume of the bass part instead of applying EQ.

VOLUME AUTOMATION

- Nearly impossible to get an even mix throughout the song.
 Verses and choruses differ.
- For example, guitar part is too loud in verse, but gets buried in chorus.
- Solution? Volume automation.
 - Not complicated, not advanced... you just draw it in.
 - Check how to do it in your DAW.
- Start by automating whole sections WHEN NEEDED (not just for the sake of it).
 - Later, if you need to bring smaller sections up or down, or even words, do it.

VOLUME BALANCING IN 10 SIMPLE STEPS

- 1 Organize the project.
- Check for any hot channels (i.e. gain staging).
- 3 Loop the loudest section of the song (usually the final chorus).
- 4 Bring all the faders down (to minus infinity dB).
- 5 Decide on the most important channel and set to 0dB.
- 6 Bring the in the 2nd most important channel in and balance the volume to the first channel.
- 7 Continue in this manner, bring channels up in order of importance.
- Once all the channels are up, spend at least 10 minutes adjusting the balance and fine tuning the channel faders (using references will help).
- 9 Now check other sections of the song, and listen through the whole song while making adjustments to the faders.
- Only move on when you are 100% satisfied with the initial mix it will probably help to take a short break and then come back and check your balance.

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